Dewiswch eich Iaith
Choose your language

Cymraeg

English

Un Llais Cymru
One Voice Wales

Deddf yr Amgylchedd (Cymru) 2016

Adran 6 – Bioamrywiaeth a Chydnerthedd y Ddyletswydd Ecosystemau

Un Llais Cymru
One Voice Wales

Beth yw Bioamrywiaeth?

Bioamrywiaeth

Yr amrywiaeth o fywyd a geir ar y ddaear. Mae'n cynnwys pob rhywogaeth o blanhigion ac anifeiliaid, faint sydd ar gael a sut maen nhw'n wahanol yn enetig.

Cydnerthedd Ecosystemau

The capacity for nature to withstand and recover from disturbances, to adapt and absorb pressures.

Pam mae angen inni helpu?

Mae gennym Argyfwng Natur Bydeang

Cyhoeddodd Llywodraeth Cymru Argyfwng Natur yn 2021

Deddf yr Amgylchedd 2016

Roedd yn alinio Cymru gyda Thargedau a gytunwyd yn Cop 15

Collwyd 97% o ddolydd blodau gwyllt

Mae 71% o Loynnod Byw yn DIRYWIO

Mae 1 o bob 6 Rhywogaeth yng Nghymru Yn wynebu Risg Darfodiad

Cysylltiad â Newid Hinsawdd

Mae 50% o Gacwn yn DIRYWIO

Diffyg amrywiaeth rhywogaethau

Newidiadau Defnydd Tir

Cafodd cynefinoedd eu rhannu

Collwyd Cynefinoedd

Tarfwyd ar Ecosystemau

Gwelliannau i adeiladau

Llywodraeth Cymru
Welsh Government

Rhaid i awdurdod cyhoeddus[1] geisio[2] cynnal a gwella bioamrywiaeth[3] wrth arfer swyddogaethau[4] mewn perthynas â Chymru[5], ac wrth wneud hynny hyrwyddo cydnerthedd ecosystemau[6], i'r graddau y bo hynny'n gyson ag arfer y swyddogaethau hynny'n briodol[7].

1. Caiff awdurdodau lleol eu diffinio yn Adran 6 (9) a (10) o Ddeddf yr Amgylchedd (Cymru) 2016.
2. Cymryd dull rhagweithiol.
3. Mae Llywodraeth Cymru yn cynnig canllawiau a chyngor ar sut mae gwneud hyn.
4. Drwy bob un o'ch meysydd gwaith presennol.
5. Yn cynnwys cyrff nad ydynt wedi'u lleoli yng Nghymru, ond sy'n gweithredu yng Nghymru.
6. Ceir canllawiau a chyngor am sut i wneud hyn gan Lywodraeth Cymru, partneriaeth Bioamrywiaeth Cymru ac Un Llais Cymru.
7. h.y. Nid ar draul y swyddogaethau hynny – ond gwella SUT y cyflawnir y swyddogaethau hynny o safbwynt bioamrywiaeth.

Adran 6
Y Ddyletswydd Bioamrywiaeth a Chydnerthedd Ecosystemau

Mae'r ddyletswydd yn mynnu fod:

- awdurdodau cyhoeddus yn ceisio cynnal a gwella bioamrywiaeth wrth arfer eu swyddogaethau mewn perthynas â Chymru, ac wrth wneud hynny, hyrwyddo cydnerthedd ecosystemau, cyn belled â bo hynny'n gyson ag arfer y swyddogaethau hynny yn briodol.

Er mwyn cydymffurfio, dylai awdurdodau cyhoeddus:

1. Embed the consideration of biodiversity and ecosystems into their early thinking and business planning, including any policies, plans, programmes and projects, as well as their day to day activities.

2. Prepare and publish a **plan** setting out what they propose to do to maintain and enhance biodiversity and promote resilience.

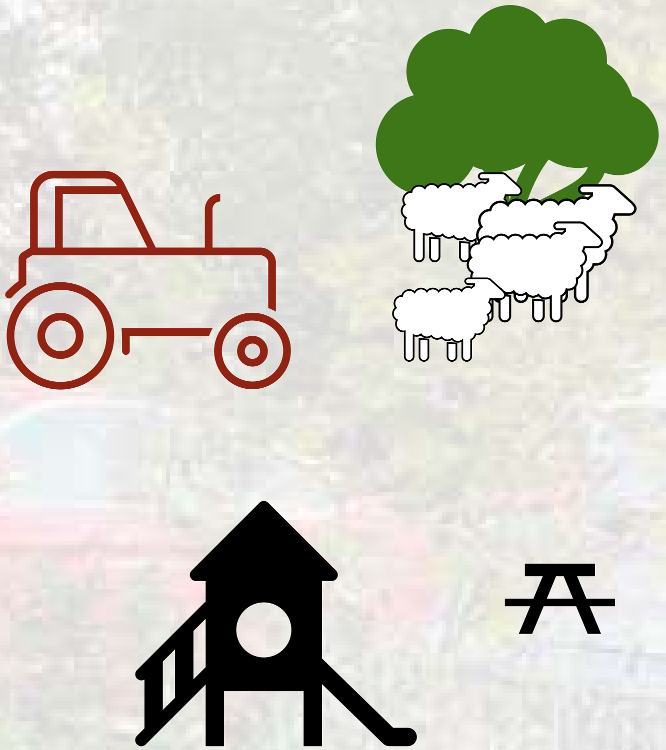
3. Prepare and publish a **report** on what the public authority has done to comply with the duty must be published by the end of 2019 and then every three years after this date. (2022/2025/2028/2031)

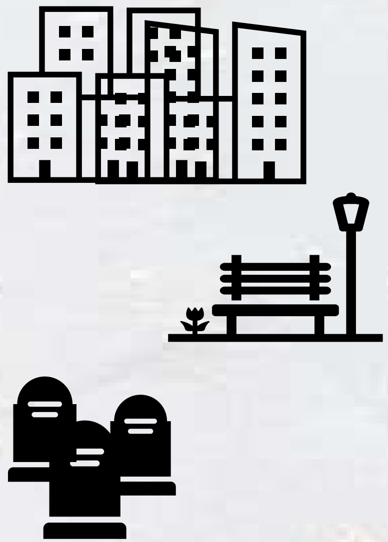
Y Gofynad i Adrodd yn Ôl

Mae'n rhaid i bob awdurdod cyhoeddus gyhoeddi adroddiad ar yr hyn a wnaethant i gydymffurfio â'r ddyletswydd.

Roedd yr adroddiad cyntaf i fod i mewn ar ddiwedd Rhagfyr 2019, yna bydd yn rhaid cyhoeddi adroddiadau pellach cyn diwedd pob trydedd flwyddyn – mae'r un nesaf yn ddyledus ar ddiwedd y flwyddyn hon.

Mae adroddiadau yn darparu tryloywder, atebolrwydd ac offeryn cyfathrebu.





- Yn weithredol i BOB Cyngor Cymuned a Thref.
- Yn weithredol i BOB Cyngor p'un ai ydynt yn berchen ar neu'n rheoli unrhyw adeiladau neu dir ai peidio.
- Mae yna nifer o newidiadau bychain y gall Cyngor eu gwneud i helpu bioamrywiaeth, waith beth yw maint y Cyngor neu ei braesept.

Cynghorau Cymuned & Thref

Awdurdodau Parciau Cenedlaethol

Comisiwn y Gymraeg

Chwaraeon Cymru

Heddluoedd

Trafnidiaeth Cymru

Cyfleustodau Cyhoeddus

Gweinidogion Cymru

Iechyd Cyhoeddus Cymru

Prifysgolion

Byrddau Iechyd Lleol

Asiantaethau Cefnffyrdd

Grid Cenedlaethol

Ombwdsmon Cymru

Awdurdodau Lleol

Gwasanaeth Tân

DVLA

Cynllun Gweithredu Adfer Natur

Mae **Cynllun Gweithredu Adfer Natur Cymru (NRAP)** yn gosod chwe amcan ar gyfer gwrthdroi dirywiad bioamrywiaeth a dylid eu defnyddio i helpu i ddatblygu ac arwain gweithredoedd i gydymffurfio â dyletswydd adran 6:

Y **6 amcan** i gynnal a gwella bioamrywiaeth yw:

Amcan 1: Ymgysylltu a chynorthwyo cyfranogi a dealltwriaeth er mwyn gwreiddio bioamrywiaeth ledled y penderfyniadau a wneir ar bob lefel

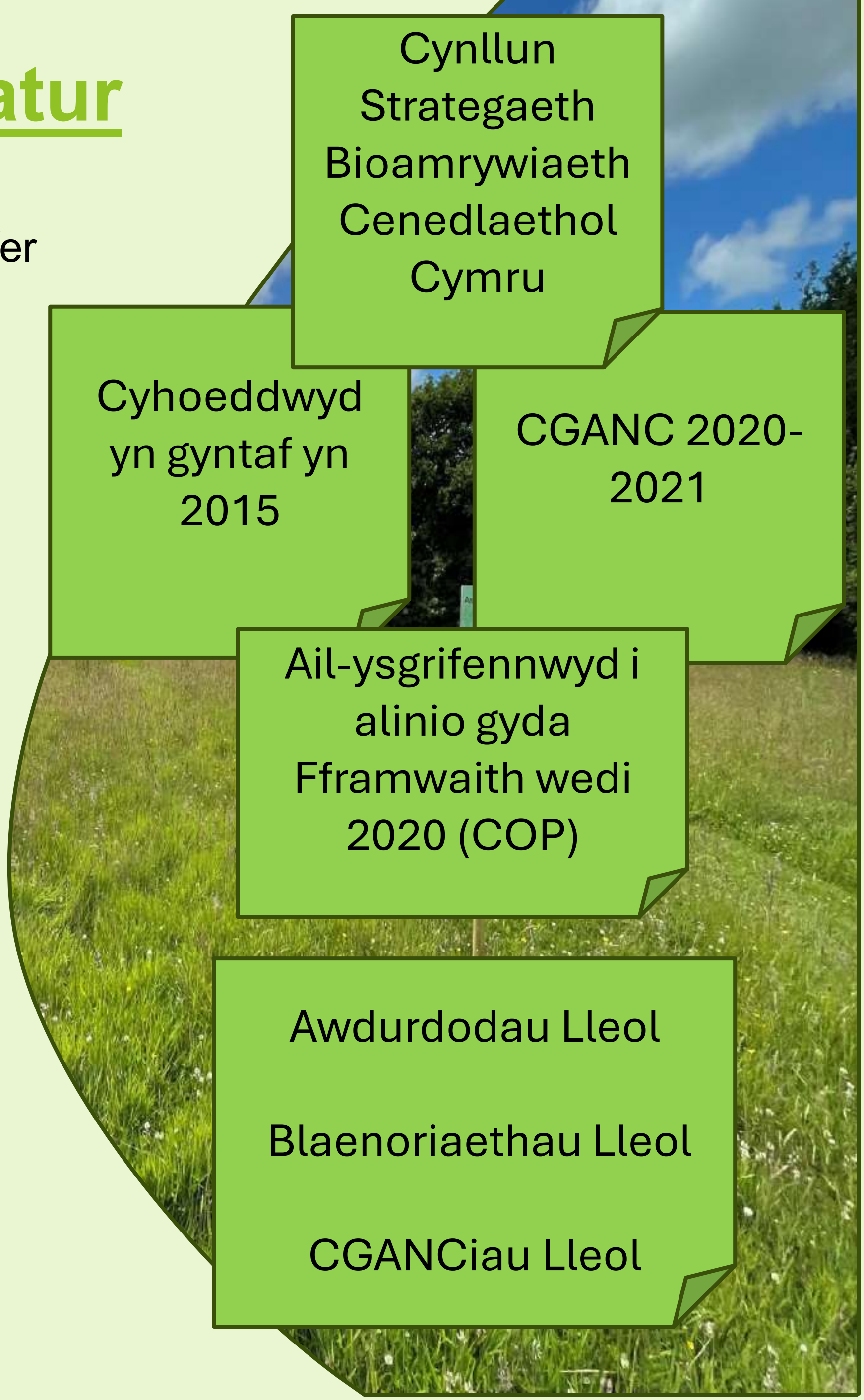
Amcan 2: Diogelu'r rhywogaethau a'r cynefinoedd pwysicaf, a gwella'r modd y'u rheolir

Amcan 3: Cynyddu cydnerthedd ein hamgylchedd naturiol trwy adfer cynefinoedd a ddiraddiwyd, a chreu cynefinoedd

Amcan 4: Mynd i'r afael â'r pwysau allweddol sydd ar rywogaethau a chynefinoedd

Amcan 5: Gwella ein tystiolaeth, ein dealltwriaeth a'n systemau monitro

Amcan 6: Sefydlu fframwaith llywodraethu a chymorth ar gyfer cyflenwi



Grŵp	Disgrifiad o sefydliad mewn perthynas â bioamrywiaeth Sefydliadau:	Camau Gweithredu Sylfaenol	Enghreifftiau	Amcanion NRAP ar gyfer Adrodd ar gamau Gweithredu (Gweler Templedi)
1	• sy'n berchen neu'n meddiannu adeilad swyddfa yn unig • ac nad yw eu swyddogaethau'n gysylltiedig yn uniongyrchol â bioamrywiaeth a/neu reoli tir.	Camau sy'n gysylltiedig a rheoli adeiladau, caffael, cynaliadwyedd, codi ymwybyddiaeth, hyfforddiant, neu mewn partneriaeth â sefydliadau eraill.	Comisynau, DVLA	Amcanion NRAP: **1, 4, a 6**
2	• sy'n berchen yn meddiannu neu'n rheoli eu adeiladau a'u tir eu hunain, • y mae eu swyddogaethau'n gysylltiedig a bioamrywiaeth a/neu reoli tir, neu • sy'n gallu dylanwadu ar y rhai sy'n berchen ar dir neu'n rheoli tir.	Fel Grŵp 1 uchod A rheoli tir, rhaeadru meini prawf cyllido, darparu addysg a hyfforddiant	Iechyd Cyhoeddus Cymru, Prifysgolion, Chwaraeon Cymru	Amcanion NRAP: **1,4, a 6** *fel uchod +* Amcanion NRAP: **2, 3, a 5** *yn ymwneud â thir y sefydliad*
3	• sy'n berchen ar dir neu'n rheoli tir y tu hwnt I'w tir eu hunain, waeth a yw eu swyddogaethau'n gysylltiedig â bioamrywiaeth a/neu reoli tir ai peidio.	Fel Grwpiau 1 a 2 uchod A rheoli tir er mwyn cynnal a gwella bioamrywiaeth, a hyrwyddo cydnerthedd ecosystemau.	Dŵr Cymru, Awdurdodau Lleol, CNC, Llywodraeth Cymru	Holl amcanion NRAP: **1,2,3,4,5 a 6**

1: Ymgysylltu a chynorthwyo cyfranogi a dealltwriaeth er mwyn gwreiddio bioamrywiaeth ledled y penderfyniadau a wneir ar bob lefel

4: Mynd i'r afael â'r pwysau allweddol sydd ar rywogaethau a chynefinoedd

6: Sefydlu fframwaith llywodraethu a chymorth ar gyfer cyflenwi.

2: Diogelu'r rhywogaethau a'r cynefinoedd pwysicaf, gwella'r modd y'u rheolir

3: Cynyddu cydnerthedd ein hamgylchedd naturiol trwy adfer cynefinioedd a ddiraddiwyd, a chreu cynefinoedd

5: Gwella ein tystiolaeth, ein dealltwriaeth a'n systemau monitro

Adran 6

Y Gofyniad Cynllunio

Er mwyn cydymffurfio, dylai awdurdodau cyhoeddus: Baratoi a chyhoeddi **Cynllun Gweithredu Bioamrywiaeth (CGB)**

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One Voice Wales

Cynghorau Cymuned a Thref

Cynllun Gweithredu Bioamrywiaeth

Deddf yr Amgylchedd (Cymru) 2016 Rhan 1 – Adran 6 Y Ddyletswydd Bioamrywiaeth a Chydnerthedd Ecosystemau

Enw'r Cyngor Tref neu Gymuned:	
Math o gyngor (Grŵp 1,2, neu 3 ar gyfer amcan NRAP)	

Cyflwyniad a'r Cyd-destun

Disgrifiad byr o'r Cyngor, ei swyddogaethau a'r cyd-destun o ran:

- *sut y gallai helpu bioamrywiaeth (trwy ei swyddogaethau rheoli tir, cyllid grant, gweithgareddau addysgol e.e.).*
- *graddfa ofodol a lle (e.e. faint o dir mae'n ei gynnwys, poblogaeth, praesept?).*
- *cyflawni gwasanaethau i'r cyhoedd (e.e. a yw gofynion Deddf Llesiant Cenedlaethau'r Dyfodol yn berthnasol iddo?).*

Amcan NRAP	Amcan Bioamrywiaeth	Camau arfaethedig	Graddfa amser	Wedi eu monitro gan:
1	-cynnwys bioamrywiaeth o fewn llunio penderfyniadau a chaffael			
	-codi ymwybyddiaeth o fioamrywiaeth a'i bwysigrwydd			
2	-diogelu prif rywogaethau a chynefinoedd			

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3	-adfer & chreu cynefinoedd a rhwydweithiau ecolegol cydnerth			
4	-mynd i'r afael ag elfennau negyddol: lleihau llygredd e.e. defnyddio atebion yn seiliedig ar natur, mynd i'r afael â rhywogaethau goresgynnol			
5	-defnyddio gwella a rhannu tystiolaeth			
6	-cefnogi capasiti a/neu sefydliadau eraill			

Adolygiad blynyddol o'r Cynllun Gweithredu Bioamrywiaeth	Dyddiad yr adolygiad:	
Beth sydd wedi gweithio'n dda?		
Beth fu'r rhwystrau?		
Beth fyddwch yn ei newid?		

Dyddiad yr adolygiad nesaf:	
Cymeradwywyd gan y Cyngor ar:	

Adran 6

Y Gofyniad i Adrodd

Er mwyn cydymffurfio, dylai awdurdodau cyhoeddus: Baratoi a chyhoeddi **Adroddiad**

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Adrodd ar Adran 6

Cynghorau Tref a Chynghorau Cymuned

Deddf yr Amgylchedd (Cymru) 2016 Rhan 1 – Adran 6
Y Ddyletswydd Bioamrywiaeth a Chydnerthedd Ecosystemau

Adroddiad 2025 **Ddyletswydd Bioamrywiaeth a Chydnerthedd Ecosystemau**			
Enw y Cyngor Tref neu Gymuned:			
Grŵp:			
Cyflwyniad a'r Cyd-destun • *Disgrifiad byr o'r Cyngor, ei swyddogaethau a'r cyd-destun o ran* - *sut y gallai helpu bioamrywiaeth (trwy ei swyddogaethau rheoli tir, cyllid grant, gweithgareddau addysgol e.e.)* - *graddfa ofodol a lle (e.e. faint o dir mae'n ei gynnwys, poblogaeth, praesept?)* - *cyflawni gwasanaethau i'r cyhoedd (e.e. a yw'n destun Ddeddf Llesiant Cenedlaethau'r Dyfodol?)*			
Adroddiad Gweithredu 2023 - 2025			
Amcan NRAP	**Camau gweithredu i...**		**Wedi eu monitro gan:**
1	-cynnwys bioamrywiaeth o fewn llunio penderfyniadau a chaffael		
1	-codi ymwybyddiaeth o fioamrywiaeth a'i bwysigrwydd		
2	-diogelu prif rywogaethau a chynefinoedd		
3	-adfer & chreu cynefinoedd a rhwydweithiau ecolegol cydnerth		
4	-mynd i'r afael ag elfennau negyddol: lleihau llygredd e.e. defnyddio atebion yn seiliedig ar natur, mynd i'r afael â rhywogaethau goresgynnol		
5	-defnyddio gwella a rhannu tystiolaeth		
6	-cefnogi capasiti ac/neu sefydliadau eraill		

Arolwg o ddyletswydd Adran 6 2023 - 2025	
Beth sydd wedi gweithio'n dda?	
Beth fu'r rhwystrau?	
Beth fyddwch yn ei newid?	
Sut a phryd fydd y ddyletswydd Adran 6 yn cael ei monitro a'r cynllun Adran 6 wedi'i adolygu?	

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Targedau SMART

Cynghorau Cymuned a Thref

Cynllun Gweithredu Bioamrywiaeth

Deddf yr Amgylchedd (Cymru) 2016 Rhan 1 – Adran 6 Y Ddyletswydd Bioamrywiaeth a Chydnerthedd Ecosystemau

Enw'r Cyngor Tref neu Gymuned:	
Math o gyngor [(Grŵp 1,2, neu 3 ar gyfer amcan NRAP)]()	
Cyflwyniad a'r Cyd-destun	
Disgrifiad byr o'r Cyngor, ei swyddogaethau a'r cyd-destun o ran: - *sut y gallai helpu bioamrywiaeth (trwy ei swyddogaethau rheoli tir, cyllid grant, gweithgareddau addysgol e.e.).* - *graddfa ofodol a lle (e.e. faint o dir mae'n ei gynnwys, poblogaeth, praesept?).* - *cyflawni gwasanaethau i'r cyhoedd (e.e. a yw gofynion Deddf Llesiant Cenedlaethau'r Dyfodol yn berthnasol iddo?).*	

Amcan NRAP	Amcan Bioamrywiaeth	Camau arfaethedig	Graddfa amser	Wedi eu monitro gan:
1	-cynnwys bioamrywiaeth o fewn llunio penderfyniadau a chaffael			
	-codi ymwybyddiaeth o fioamrywiaeth a'i bwysigrwydd			
2	-diogelu prif rywogaethau a chynefinoedd			

Datblygu tudalen Bioamrywiaeth ar y wefan er mwyn rhannu gwybodaeth ac arfer gorau.

Hydref 2025

Monitro gan y Clerc

Sefydlu Pwyllgor yr Amgylchedd. Adolygu'r CGB trwy ei wneud yn eitem sefydlog ar yr agenda.

Yn y Cyfarfod Blynyddol Mai 2026

Monitro gan Bwyllgor yr Amgylchedd

Cyngor Tref Llanelli | Fy Cyngor | Gwasanaethau'r Cyngor | Cefnogaeth Gymunedol | Llanelli | Newyddion | English

CYNGOR TREF LLANELLI

Hafan / Gwasanaethau Cyngor / Bioamrywiaeth

Bioamrywiaeth a datblygu amgylcheddol

Mae adran 6 o Ddeddf yr Amgylchedd (Cymru) 2016, yn nodi'r Ddyletswydd Bioamrywiaeth a Gwydnwch Ecosystemau y mae'n rhaid i bob awdurdod lleol 'geisio cynnal a gwella' bioamrywiaeth wrth arfer ei gweithgareddau, a thrwy hynny hyrwyddo gwytnwch ecosystemau '.

I Gyngor Tref Llanelli mae hyn yn golygu y dylai'r Cyngor, ym mhob polisi, gweithgaredd mewnol ac wrth reoli ein parciau a'n caeau chwarae, geisio cyfleoedd i gynnal a gwella bywyd gwyllt sy'n cael ei gynnal yn yr ardal ac i reoli'r cynefinoedd (e.e. glaswelltiroedd, coed, gwlypdiroedd) fel eu bod mewn cyflwr mor naturiol a gwydn â bosibl.

Mae'r ddyletswydd hefyd yn cefnogi cyfrifoldebau ehangach Cynghorau Tref o dan Ddeddf Llesiant Cenedlaethau'r Dyfodol (Cymru) 2015 er mwyn i Gymru elwa o economi lewyrchus, amgylchedd iechyd a gwydn a chymunedau bywiog, cydlynol.

Mae'r Cyngor Tref yn gweithio mewn partneriaeth â Chyngor Gwledig Llanelli a Chyngor Sir Caerfyrddin i reoli a chynnal Mynwent Llanelli a'r parciau a'r caeau chwarae yn Ardal Tref Llanelli. Mae gan y Cyngor hanes cadarnhaol o gyfrannu at yr amgylchedd lleol a hyrwyddo cynaliadwyedd. Mae'r cynllun gweithredu canlynol yn rhoi manylion y gweithgareddau

Un Llais Cymru

One Voice Wales

3	-adfer & chreu cynefinoedd a rhwydweithiau ecolegol cydnerth
4	-mynd i'r afael ag elfennau negyddol: lleihau llygredd e.e. defnyddio atebion yn seiliedig ar natur, mynd i'r afael â rhywogaethau goresgynnol
5	-defnyddio gwella a rhannu tystiolaeth
6	-cefnogi capasiti a/neu sefydliadau eraill

Byddwn yn cynyddu'r cyfnodau rhwng torri gwair i 4-6 wythnos ar y cae chwarae.

Mawrth – Medi 2025

Monitro gan y 'Pwyllgor Rheoli Tir'

Adolygu'r CGB yn flynyddol a'i gyhoeddi ar y wefan

Rhannu data gyda LERC/cynlluniau gwyddoniaeth dinasyddion

Cyhoeddi Adroddiad bob 3 blynedd ar y camau a gymerwyd

Adolygiad blynyddol o'r Cynllun Gweithredu Bioamrywiaeth	Dyddiad yr adolygiad:	
Beth sydd wedi gweithio'n dda?		
Beth fu'r rhwystrau?		
Beth fyddwch yn ei newid?		

Dyddiad yr adolygiad nesaf:	
Cymeradwywyd gan y Cyngor ar:	

Mae'r dolydd newydd wedi denu peillwyr ac wedi creu rhwydwaith natur a bu'n boblogaidd gyda defnyddwyr.

Roedd diffyg cyfathrebu clir rhwng y Cyngor a'r Awdurdod Lleol yn golygu y cafwyd oedi cyn cychwyn ar y gwaith.

Cyfarwyddiadau clir i'r Awdurdod Lleol ar ddechrau'r tymor a defnyddio arwyddion 'Ar eu cyfer nhw' i ddangos yr ardaloedd na ddylid eu torri.

Rhai Syniadau am Weithredoedd/Targedau

Gerddi cymunedol

Bio blitz / digwyddiadau codi ymwybyddiaeth

Bwrw Balsam

Llwybrau perllan/ Teithiau natur

Ymwybyddiaeth am SoDdGa / ACA ayb …

Ffair afalau / ffeiriau cynhaeaf

Defnyddio arwyddion (iddyn nhw – *it's for them*)

Gwestai / plastai pryfed a gwenyn

Plannu gwrychoedd / coed sy'n addas i'r ardal.

Ffyrdd, gatiau a gwestai draenogod

Ffyrdd y peillwyr Cysylltu cynefinoedd

Asesu mannau gwyrdd y gellir eu rheoli'n well ar gyfer bioamrywiaeth

Trefnu teithiau ar hyd llwybrau yn y ardal 'Dewch i adnabod eich ardal'

Gofyniad Adran 6 – Mewn Crynodeb

Cynllun Gweithredu Bioamrywiaeth

Ei gyhoeddi'n flynyddol
neu
Cynllun 3 blynedd (ei adolygu'n flynyddol)

Content (Future tense)
Cynnwys (Amser dyfodol)

Manylion y camau y mae'ch Cyngor yn bwriadu eu cymryd dros yr 1 (neu'r 3) blynedd.

Adroddiad Adran 6

Cyhoeddi bob 3 blynedd
2019
2022
2025

Cynnwys (Amser gorffennol)

Manylion yr holl gamau a gymerwyd gennych dros y 3 blynedd fel rhan o CGB y Cyngor.

Un Llais Cymru

One Voice Wales

Ymhle all Cynghorau gael cyngor a chefnogaeth arbenigol?

Un Llais Cymru

One Voice Wales

Tîm Bioamrywiaeth Un Llais Cymru

- Modylau Hyfforddiant 25 & 26 Modiwl 27
- Pethau Bychain
- Gweminarau
- Partneriaethau Natur Lleol
- Grwpiau/Mudiadau Cadwraeth Lleol

- Cyngor Arbenigol
- Ymweliadau safle
- Adnoddau
- Gwefan Un Llais Cymru

- Canllaw Gweithredu ar Adferiad Natur
- Canllaw ar Dyfu Bwyd Cymunedol
- Canllaw Bioamrywiaeth a Chynllunio
- Adnoddau Ar-lein
- LNRAP a Datganiadau Ardal

Dolen Defnyddiol

Canllaw Adran 6

- Y Ddyletswydd Adran 6 – Un Llais Cymru
- Wales Biodiversity Partnership - Section 6
- Submitted Section 6 Reports 2022 (C&TCs)
- The Section 6 Biodiversity and Resilience of Ecosystems Duty: frequently asked questions | GOV.WALES

General Biodiversity information

- Bioamrywiaeth – Un Llais Cymru
- Wales Biodiversity Partnership - Nature Recovery Action Plan
- Wales Biodiversity Partnership - Local to You
- Wales Biodiversity Partnership - Wales Action Plan for Pollinators
- List of Priority Species and Priority Habitats
- Natural Resources Wales / Area Statements
- Wildlife and habitat conservation | Sub-topic | GOV.WALES

Adnoddau Un Llais Cymru

- Canllaw Gweithredu Adfer Natur ar gyfer Cynghorau Cymuned a Thref
- Tyfu Bwyd Cymunedol Community ar gyfer Cynghorau Cymuned a Thref
- Bioamrywiaeth a Chynllunio ar gyfer Cynghorau Cymuned a Thref
- Modiwlau - Hyfforddiant Bioamrywiaeth
- Dyddiadau Hyfforddiant Bioamrywiaeth

Adnoddau Eraill

- Iddyn Nhw: pecyn cymorth i randdeiliad | LLYW.CYMRU
- Ap LERC Cymru – Cofnodi unrhyw rywogaeth wrth fynd!

Un Llais Cymru - Templedi Adran 6 Dwyieithog

Cynllunio

- Cynllun Gweithredu Bioamrywiaeth (Cyngor Grŵp 1 YN UNIG)
- Cynllun Gweithredu Bioamrywiaeth (Cyngor Grŵp 2 & 3)

Adroddiad

- Adroddiad Adran 6 – e-fersiwn ar gyfer Gwefan a rhannu (Cyngor Grwp 1 YN UNIG)
- Adroddiad Adran 6 – Gosodiad argraffu dwyieithog (Cyngor Grwp 1 YN UNIG)
- Adroddiad Adran 6 – e-fersiwn ar gyfer Gwefan a rhannu (Grŵp 2 & 3)
- Adroddiad Adran 6 – Gosodiad argraffu dwyieithog (Grŵp 2 & 3)

Diolch

Swyddog Lleoedd Lleol ar gyfer Natur – Un Llais Cymru

rcarter@unllaiscymru.cymru

Local Places for Nature Officer – One Voice Wales

rcarter@onevoicewales.wales

Environment (Wales) Act 2016

Section 6 – The biodiversity and resilience of ecosystems Duty

Un Llais Cymru
One Voice Wales

What is biodiversity?

Biodiversity

The variety of life found on earth. It includes all species of plants and animals, their abundance and genetic diversity.

Ecosystem Resilience

The capacity for nature to withstand and recover from disturbances, to adapt and absorb pressures.

Why do we need to help?

There is a Global Nature Emergency

Welsh Government declared a Nature emergency in 2021

The Environment Act 2016

Aligned Wales with Targets agreed at Cop 15

97% of wildflower meadows lost

71% of Butterflies in

DECLINE

1 in 6

Species in Wales

Risk of Extinction

Linkedto Climate Change

50% of Bumblebees in

DECLINE

Lack of species diversity

Land Use Changes

Ecosystem Disruption

Fragmented habitats

Loss of Habitat

Building improvements

Public authorities[1] must seek to[2] maintain and enhance biodiversity[3] in the exercise of functions[4] in relation to Wales[5], and in so doing promote the resilience of ecosystems[6], so far as consistent with the proper exercise of those functions[7].

1. Public authorities are defined in section 6 (9) & (10) of the *Environment (Wales) Act 2016*
2. Taking a pro-active approach.
3. Guidance and advice on how to do this is provided by Welsh Government, Wales Biodiversity Partnership and others.
4. Throughout all of your current work areas.
5. Includes organisations not based in Wales, but who operate in Wales.
6. Guidance and advice on how to do this is provided by Welsh Government, Wales Biodiversity Partnership and others. Also please see the final slide.
7. i.e. not at the expense of those functions – but improving HOW those functions are delivered from the perspective of biodiversity.

Section 6
The Biodiversity and Resilience of Ecosystems Duty

The duty requires that:

- public authorities must seek to maintain and enhance biodiversity in the exercise of their functions in relation to Wales, and in so doing promote the resilience of ecosystems, so far as consistent with the proper exercise of those functions.

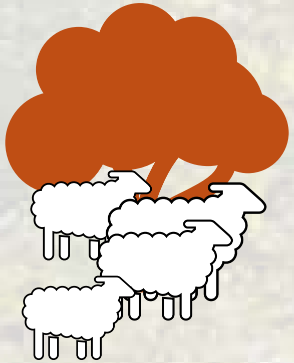
To comply, public authorities should:

1. Embed the consideration of biodiversity and ecosystems into their early thinking and business planning, including any policies, plans, programmes and projects, as well as their day to day activities.

2. Prepare and publish a **plan** setting out what they propose to do to maintain and enhance biodiversity and promote resilience.

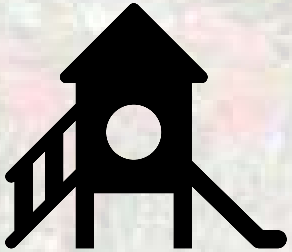
3. Prepare and publish a **report** on what the public authority has done to comply with the duty must be published by the end of 2019 and then every three years after this date. (2022/2025/2028/2031)

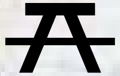
The Reporting Requirement



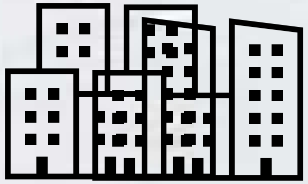
Every public authority must publish a report on what they have done to comply with the duty.

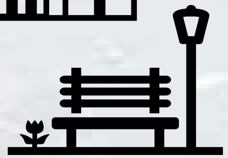
The first report was due at the end of December 2019, further reports must then be published before the end of every third year – the next one is due at the end of this year.

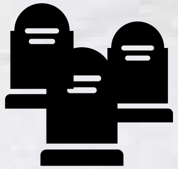




Reports provide transparency, accountability and are a communication tool.







- Applies to ALL Community and Town Councils.
- Applies to ALL Councils whether they own or manage any buildings or land.
- There are many small changes a Council can make to help biodiversity, no matter the Council's size or precept.

Community & Town Councils

- National Park Authorities
- Welsh Language Commission
- Sport Wales
- Police Forces
- Transport for Wales (TFW)
- Public Utilities
- Welsh Ministers
- Public Health Wales
- Universities
- Local Health Boards
- Trunk Road Agencies
- National Grid
- Wales Ombudsman
- Local Authorities
- Fire Service
- DVLA

<u>Nature Recovery Action Plan</u>

The **Nature Recovery Action Plan for Wales (NRAP)** sets out six objectives for reversing the decline of biodiversity which should be used to help develop and guide actions to comply with the Section 6 duty:

The **6 objectives** to maintain and enhance biodiversity are:

Objective 1: Engage and support participation and understanding to embed biodiversity throughout decision making at all levels

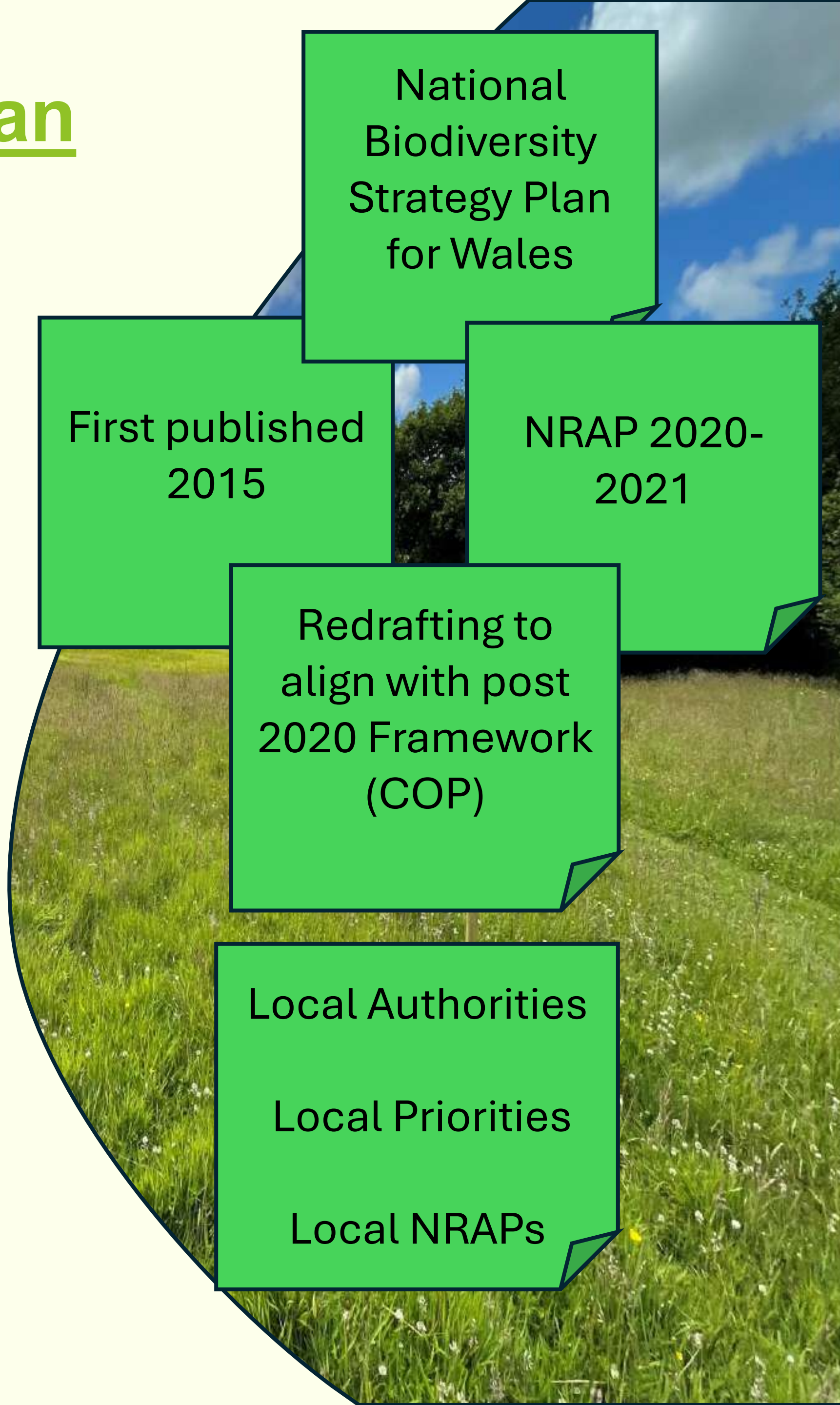
Objective 2: Safeguard species and habitats of principal importance and improve their management

Objective 3: Increase the resilience of our natural environment by restoring degraded habitats and habitat creation

Objective 4: Tackle key pressures on species and habitats

Objective 5: Improve our evidence, understanding and monitoring

Objective 6: Put in place a framework of governance and support for delivery



Group	Description of organisation relative to biodiversity. Organisations:	Minimum Actions	Examples	NRAP objectives for Action Reporting (see template Annex 1)
1	• that own or occupy an office building only and • whose functions are not directly connected to biodiversity and/or land management.	Actions related to buildings management, procurement, sustainability, awareness raising, training, or in partnership with other organisations	Commissions, DVLA	NRAP objectives 1, 4, 6
2	• that own, occupy or manage land their own buildings and grounds, • whose functions are connected with biodiversity and/or land management, or • that can influence those who own or manage land.	As per Group 1 above PLUS grounds management, cascading funding criteria, providing education and training	Public Health Wales, Universities, Sport Wales	NRAP objectives 1,4,6 as above NRAP objectives 2, 3, 5 relating to own grounds
3	• that own or manage land beyond their own grounds, whether their functions are connected with biodiversity and/or land management or not.	As per Groups 1 and 2 above PLUS land management to maintain and enhance biodiversity, and promote the resilience of ecosystems.	Dŵr Cymru, Local Authorities, NRW, Welsh Government	All NRAP objectives

1: Engage and support participation and understanding to embed biodiversity throughout decision making at all levels

4: Tackle key pressures on species and habitats

6: Put in place a framework of governance and support for delivery.

2: Safeguard species and habitats of principal importance and improve their management

3: Increase the resilience of our natural environment by restoring degraded habitats and habitat creation

5: Improve our evidence, understanding and monitoring

Section 6

The Planning Requirement

To comply, public authorities should: Prepare and publish a **Biodiversity Action Plan (BAP)**

Un Llais Cymru
One Voice Wales

Community & Town Councils

Biodiversity Action Plan

Environment (Wales) Act 2016 Part 1 – Section 6 The Biodiversity and Resilience of Ecosystems Duty

Name of Community & Town Council:	
Council type (Group 1, 2 or 3 for NRAP Objectives):	

Introduction and Context
Provide a short description of the Council, its functions and context in relation to - *how it could help biodiversity (through functions with regard to land management, grant funding, education activities, for e.g.)* - *spatial scale and place (e.g. how much land does it cover, population, precept?)* - *public service delivery (e.g. Is it subject to the Well-being of Future Generations (WFG) Act?)*

NRAP Objective	Biodiversity objectives	Action planned	Time scale	Monitored by:
1	-embed biodiversity into decision making & procurement			
	-raise awareness of biodiversity & its importance			
2	-safeguard principal species and habitats			

Un Llais Cymru
One Voice Wales

3	-restore & create habitats and resilient ecological networks			
4	-tackle negative factors: for e.g. reduce pollution, use nature based solutions, address invasive species			
5	-use, improve, and share evidence			
6	-support capacity and/or other organisations			

Annual review of the Biodiversity Action Plan	Date reviewed:	
What has worked well?		
What have the barriers been?		
What will you change?		

Next review due:	
Approved by Council on:	

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One Voice Wales

Reporting on Section 6

Community and Town Councils

Environment (Wales) Act 2016 Part 1 – Section 6
The Biodiversity and Resilience of Ecosystems Duty

The Biodiversity and Resilience of Ecosystems Duty Report 2025	
Name of Community or Town Council:	
Group:	

Introduction and Context

- *A short description of the Council, its functions and context in relation to*
  - *how it could help biodiversity (through functions with regard to land management, grant funding, education activities, for example)*
  - *spatial scale and place (e.g. how much land does it cover, population, precept?)*
  - *public service delivery (e.g. is it subject to the Well-being of Future Generations (WFG) Act?)*

Action Report 2023 - 2025

NRAP Objective	Action carried out to...		Monitored by:
1	-embed biodiversity into decision making & procurement		
	-raise awareness of biodiversity & its importance		
2	-safeguard principal species and habitats		
3	-restore & create habitats and resilient ecological networks		
4	-tackle negative factors: for e.g. reduce pollution, use nature based solutions, address invasive species		
5	-use improve and share evidence		
6	-support capacity and/or other organisations		

Section 6

The Reporting Requirement

To comply, public authorities should: Prepare and publish a **Report**

Review of S6 duty actions for 2023-2025	
What has worked well?	
What have the barriers been?	
What will you change?	
How and when will the s6 duty be monitored and the s6 plan reviewed?	

Un Llais Cymru

One Voice Wales

SMART Targets

Community & Town Councils

Biodiversity Action Plan

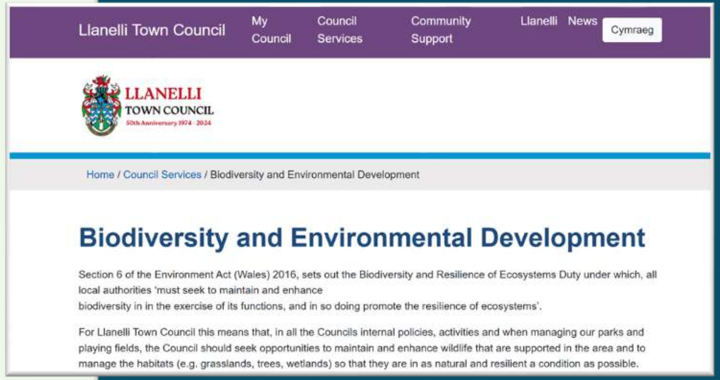
Environment (Wales) Act 2016 Part 1 – Section 6 The Biodiversity and Resilience of Ecosystems Duty

Name of Community & Town Council:	
Council type **(Group 1, 2 or 3 for NRAP Objectives):**	
Introduction and Context	

Provide a short description of the Council, its functions and context in relation to

- *how it could help biodiversity (through functions with regard to land management, grant funding, education activities, for e.g.)*
- *spatial scale and place (e.g. how much land does it cover, population, precept?)*
- *public service delivery (e.g. is it subject to the Well-being of Future Generations (WFG) Act?)*

NRAP Objective	Biodiversity objectives	Action planned	Time scale	Monitored by:
1	-embed biodiversity into decision making & procurement	Implement a Biodiversity page on website to share information and best practice.	October 2025	Monitored by the Clerk
	-raise awareness of biodiversity & its importance	Establish an environment committee. Review of BAP as fixed agenda item.	At Annual meeting May 2026	Monitored by the Environment Committee



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LLANELLI TOWN COUNCIL
50th Anniversary 1974 · 2024

Home / Council Services / Biodiversity and Environmental Development

Biodiversity and Environmental Development

Section 6 of the Environment Act (Wales) 2016, sets out the Biodiversity and Resilience of Ecosystems Duty under which, all local authorities 'must seek to maintain and enhance biodiversity in in the exercise of its functions, and in so doing promote the resilience of ecosystems'.

For Llanelli Town Council this means that, in all the Councils internal policies, activities and when managing our parks and playing fields, the Council should seek opportunities to maintain and enhance wildlife that are supported in the area and to manage the habitats (e.g. grasslands, trees, wetlands) so that they are in as natural and resilient a condition as possible.

2	-safeguard principal species and habitats			
3	-restore & create habitats and resilient ecological networks	We will increase mowing intervals to 4-6 weeks on the playing field.	March – September 2025	Monitored by the 'Land management committee'
4	-tackle negative factors: for e.g. reduce pollution, use nature based solutions, address invasive species			
5	-use, improve, and share evidence	Review the BAP annually and publish on website	Publish a Report every 3 years on actions taken	
6	-support capacity and/or other organisations	Share data with LERC/Citizen science schemes		

Annual review of the Biodiversity Action Plan	Date reviewed:	
What has worked well?	The new meadow areas have attracted pollinators and created a nature network and has been popular with users.	
What have the barriers been?	Lack of clear communication between Council and Local authority meant the start was delayed.	
What will you change?	Clear instructions to LA at start of season and use of 'It's for them' signage to indicative areas of no mow.	

Next review due:	
Approved by Council on:	

Some Ideas for Actions/Targets

Community gardens

Bio blitz/awareness events

Balsam Bashing

Orchard trails / Nature walks

Awareness of SSSIs and SACs etc…

Apple fairs / Harvest festivals

The use of signage (it's for them)

Bug and bee hotels /mansions

Hedge planting / tree planting suitable to area.

Hedgehog highways gates and hotels

Pollinator highways Connecting habitats

Assess green space to identify areas that can be managed better for biodiversity

Organised walks along footpaths in the area – 'Get to know your area'

Section 6 Requirement – In Summary

Biodiversity Action Plan

Published annually
<u>or</u>
3-year plan
(reviewed annually)

<u>Content (Future tense)</u>

Details of the actions that your Council plans to take over the next 1 (or 3) years.

Section 6 Report

Published every 3 years
2019
2022
2025

<u>Content (Past tense)</u>

Details all the actions you have taken over the previous 3 years as part of the Council's BAP.

Where can Councils get specialist advice and support?

Un Llais Cymru
One Voice Wales

One Voice Wales Biodiversity Team

Training
Modules 25 & 26
Module 27

Pethau Bychain

Webinars

Local Nature Partnerships

Local Conservation Groups/Organisations

Specialist Advice

Site visits

Resources

One Voice Wales Website

Nature Recovery Action Guide

Community Food Growing Guide

Biodiversity and Planning Guide

Online Resources

LNRAP and Area Statements

Un Llais Cymru
One Voice Wales

Useful links

Section 6 Guidance
- The Section 6 Duty - One Voice Wales
- Wales Biodiversity Partnership - Section 6
- Submitted Section 6 Reports 2022 (C&TCs)
- The Section 6 Biodiversity and Resilience of Ecosystems Duty: frequently asked questions | GOV.WALES

General Biodiversity information
- Biodiversity – One Voice Wales
- Wales Biodiversity Partnership - Nature Recovery Action Plan
- Wales Biodiversity Partnership - Local to You
- Wales Biodiversity Partnership - Wales Action Plan for Pollinators
- List of Priority Species and Priority Habitats
- Natural Resources Wales / Area Statements
- Wildlife and habitat conservation | Sub-topic | GOV.WALES

One Voice Wales Resources
- Nature Recovery Action Guide for Community & Town Councils
- Community Food Growing for Community & Town Councils
- Biodiversity and Planning for Community & Town Councils
- Biodiversity Training Modules
- Biodiversity Training Dates

Other Resources
- It's for Them campaign: stakeholder toolkit | GOV.WALES
- LERC Wales App - Record any species on the go!

One Voice Wales - Bilingual Section 6 Templates

Planning
- Biodiversity Action Plan (Group 1 Councils ONLY)
- Biodiversity Action Plan

Reporting
- Section 6 Report e-version for websites and sharing
- Section 6 Report Print Layout
- Section 6 Report e-version for websites and sharing (Group 1 Councils ONLY)
- Section 6 Report Print Layout (Group 1 Councils ONLY)

Diolch
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